

Session 5

Bible prophecy

More remarkable evidence for the inspiration of the Bible comes from prophecy. The Bible contains many prophecies about Israel and the surrounding nations. Some were fulfilled almost immediately, some were fulfilled hundreds of years later, some are still being fulfilled today, and some are yet to be fulfilled. Fulfilled prophecy shows that the Bible must come from a powerful God who knows the future.

Predicting the future

People have always wanted to predict the future to reduce their fear and anxiety about the uncertain and unknown. This desire has been satisfied by priests, astrologers, prophets and fortune tellers since the dawn of civilization. In Bible times a range of methods were used.

- Augury: using animal entrails
- Hepatoscopy: using animal livers
- Auspices: using the flight of birds
- Astrology: using stars and planets
- Oracles: often ambiguous answers by priests or priestesses to specific questions

see the sheep's liver on page 45.

Today we have

- horoscopists
- tarot card readers
- palmists
- tea leaf readers
- clairvoyants



Nostradamus, who was born in 1503, is one who claimed to be a prophet. He wrote a large number of quatrains (four line paragraphs) which together formed his book of prophecy. The quatrains are very vague and mystical. Despite this many people have endeavoured to interpret them as prophecies of significant events such as World War 2 or the deaths of famous people. However, such interpretations are highly subjective. For example, Nostradamus (X.72) wrote

The year 1999 seven months
From the sky will come the great King of Terror.
To resuscitate the great king of the Mongols.
Before and after Mars reigns by good luck.

After the event, some people claimed this referred to the plane crash that killed John F Kennedy in July 1999, others have claimed it refers to a solar eclipse in August 1999. The “prophecy” is so vague that it could be interpreted in many different ways.

Bible prophecy is different. It is usually clear, specific and straightforward to interpret. The Bible claims that the prophets were inspired by God in what they wrote:

Prophecy never had its origin in the will of man, but men
spoke from God as they were carried along by the Holy Spirit.
(2 Peter 1:21)

Bible prophets

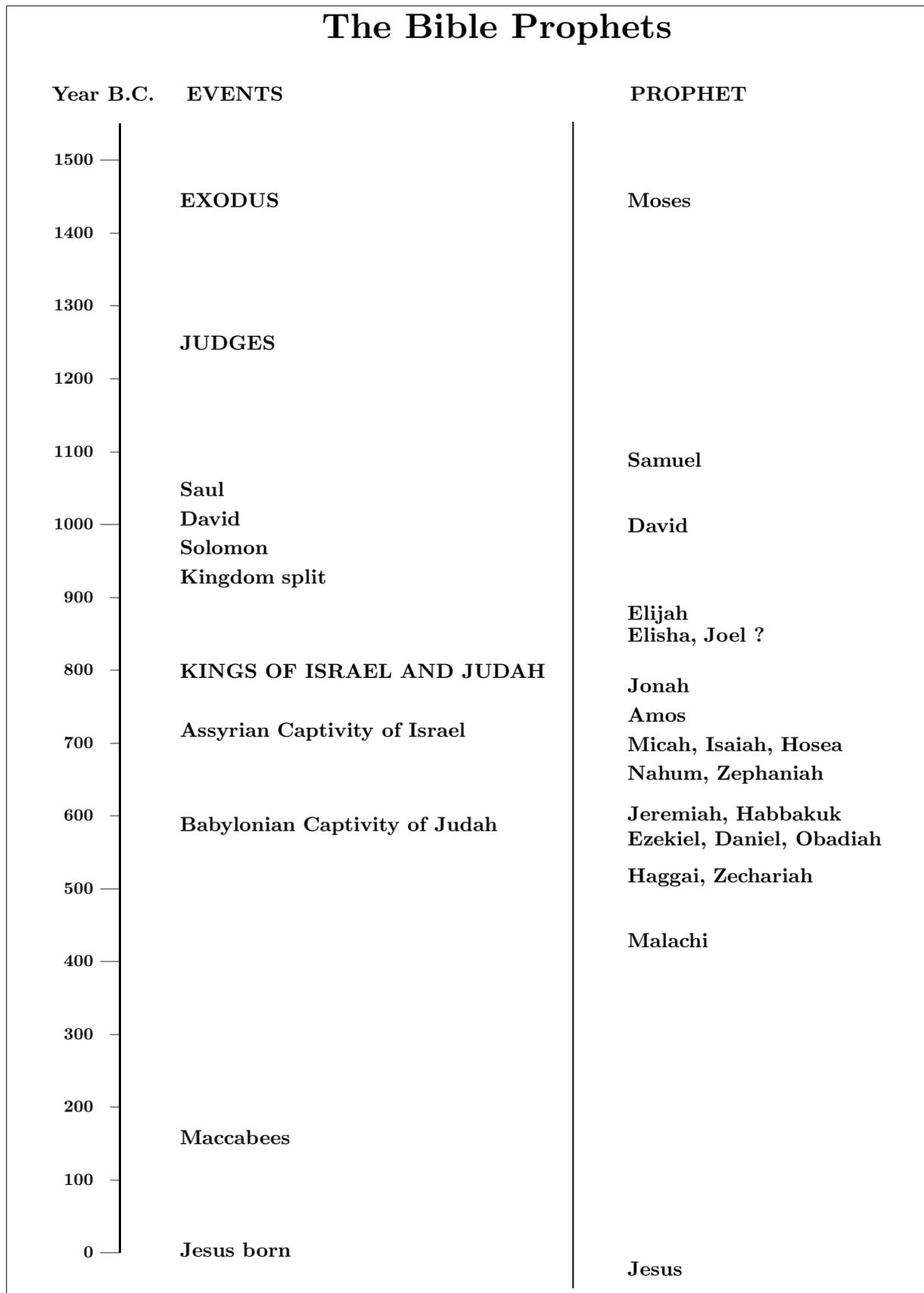
A Bible prophet did not just foretell the future, but was God’s messenger in commanding, encouraging and warning his people. Sometimes this involved relaying God’s plans and intentions for the future, but sometimes a prophet’s message did not involve any prediction. However, in this session, we will look only at prophecies which predicted events in the future.

It is important to see prophecy from God’s perspective. The Bible portrays him as the *controller* of future events. He knows the future because he will make it happen. In this way, Bible prophecy is *history in advance*.

There are different types of prophecy. Some are “short-term” and fulfilled in the lifetime of the prophet. Many are “long-term” and extend beyond the prophet’s lifetime. A prophet often used a com-



What other possible interpretations of this “prophecy” can you think of?



bination of both, the short-term fulfilment providing evidence of the truth of the long-term prophecy. Many prophecies have a dual fulfilment, a partial short-term fulfilment and a more complete long-term fulfilment.

Two tests were applied to see if a prophet was genuinely from God. The first test concerned the teaching of the prophet:

If a prophet, or one who foretells by dreams, appears among you and announces to you a miraculous sign or wonder, and if the sign or wonder of which he has spoken takes place, and he says, "Let us follow other gods" (gods you have not known) "and let us worship them", you must not listen to the words of that prophet or dreamer. The LORD your God is testing you to find out whether you love him with all your heart and with all your soul. (Deuteronomy 13:1-3)

Isaiah also stated

When men tell you to consult mediums and spiritists ... To the law and to the testimony! If they do not speak according to this [God's] word, they have no light. (Isaiah 8:19-20)

The second test was whether the prophet had shown the ability to predict the future before.

You may say to yourselves, "How can we know when a message has not been spoken by the LORD?" If what a prophet proclaims in the name of the LORD does not take place or come true, that is a message the LORD has not spoken. That prophet has spoken presumptuously. Do not be afraid of him. (Deuteronomy 18:21-22)

The prophet... will be recognized as one truly sent by the LORD only if his prediction comes true. (Jeremiah 28:9)

So a true prophet was one who taught things consistent with the rest of God's revelation and who gave a short-term prophecy which came true.

Question
How do you apply these tests to modern prophets?

The accurate fulfilment of Bible prophecies gives great credibility to the Bible's claim of inspiration. It also gives us confidence in prophecies not yet fulfilled.

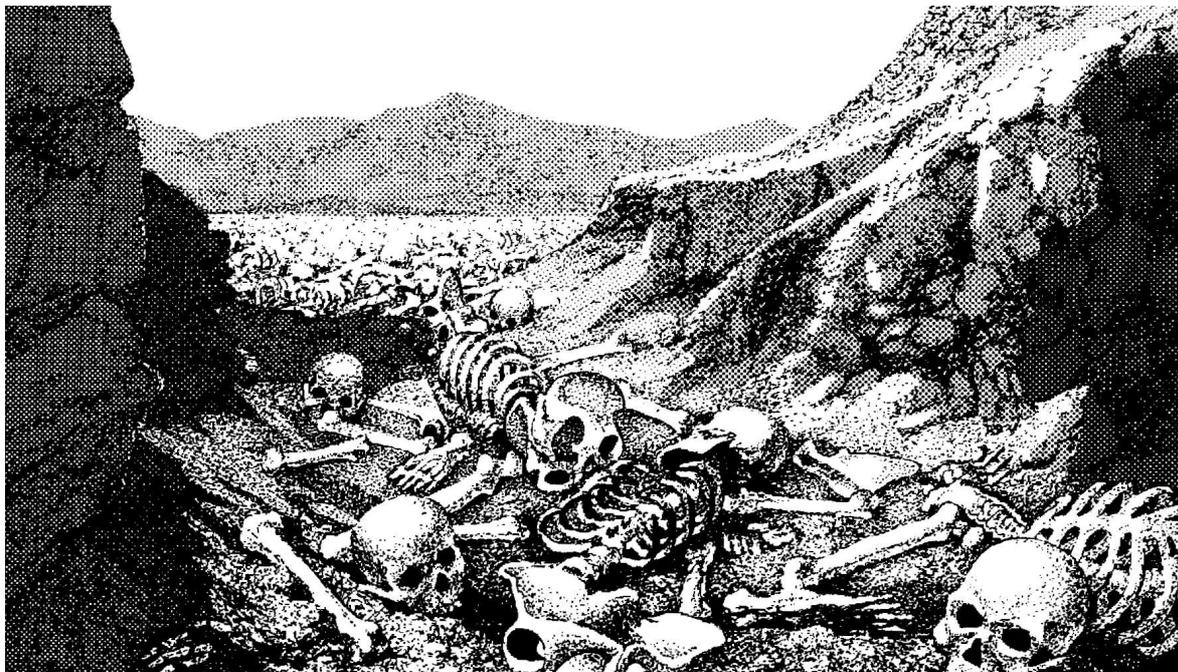
Ezekiel's vision of the valley of dry bones

Reference: Ezekiel 37:1-14

Ezekiel prophesied in about 590 BC when the nation of Israel was in captivity in Babylon. He gave many fascinating prophecies, including this vision of a valley of dry bones. The well-known Negro spiritual song "Dem dry bones" refers to this prophecy. It is a very clear prophecy with each element of the prophecy being clearly explained.

Ezekiel's vision was of a collection of dry bones lying at the bottom of a valley. The bones come together and were covered with tendons, flesh and skin, but the bodies which were formed remained dead. Then breath entered the bodies and they became a vast living army.

In verses 11-14, the prophecy is explained. It depicts Israel's revival in two stages.



Vision	Meaning
bones
dried bones
bones come together
breath in bones

The prophecy is unambiguous and clearly explained. The Jews were to be gathered out of many nations around the world. They were to become one nation in the land of their ancestors, the land of Israel. This is precisely what has happened over the past century.

No other nation has maintained a national identity after more than 1800 years of exile. But no other nation has had these prophecies made concerning their history. Other nations which have been dispossessed of their land have lost their identity within a few years. What has happened to Israel is extraordinary. The Jews are a standing miracle, a wonderful example of fulfilled prophecy. The fact that their history was predicted so accurately shows the Bible is God’s book.

We have only seen the first stage of Ezekiel’s prophecy fulfilled. Israel has returned to their land as predicted, but they remain a secular nation uncommitted to God. God’s spirit does not yet dwell in them. A recent survey revealed that most Israelis do not consider that God is responsible for their current position and survival in the land. These prophecies indicate they are yet to become a religious nation relying on God and obeying him.

The last stage in the prophecy is described in verses 24–28. After the Jews turn back to God, they will have a new king “David” who will rule over them forever in peace. Luke 1:30–33 makes it clear that this king will be Jesus, who was a descendant of the earlier King David of Israel. He is to sit on David’s throne in Jerusalem.

We can be confident that the Jews will turn back to God and that Jesus will return to be king, because the first part of this vision has been fulfilled. The Jews are back in the promised land as predicted in the Bible.

Luke 1:30–33

How many common ideas can you find between Ezekiel 37:24–28 and Luke 1:30–33?

Prophecies about Israel

Israel is the subject of more prophecies than any other nation, simply because the Jews are God’s special people. Their entire history has been foretold, including events which have taken place in the 20th century. The existence of the people of Israel, the Jews, and the existence of the nation in its biblical land is clear evidence for the reliability of the Bible.

In 1897 at the first Zionist Congress in Basle, Switzerland, a Jew named Theodore Herzl proposed a Jewish homeland in the land known at that time as Palestine. It was under the control of Turkey and formed part of the Ottoman empire. At that time, there was only a handful of Jews living in Palestine.

Just 20 years later, at the end of World War 1, the British evicted the Turks from Palestine and liberated Jerusalem. For the next 20 years, Britain ruled Palestine with the approval of the League of Nations (the forerunner to the United Nations). Slowly, Jews began to move back to the land of their ancestors. The pace of immigration increased rapidly after World War 2 and the atrocities of Nazi Germany, and many surviving Jews returned to Palestine. The enormity of Jewish suffering in what was to become known as “the Holocaust”, and the concern and guilt of many nations, led to the establishment of the State of Israel, proclaimed on 15 May 1948. This new State of Israel was established nearly 1900 years after the Jews had been exiled by the Romans.

Some prophecies about Israel

1. Israel's national birth was predicted by God to Abraham.
 Genesis 15 2000 BC
 Fulfilled through Abraham's descendants.
2. Israel's disobedience, scattering, preservation and revival was predicted by Moses.
 Deuteronomy 28 1500 BC
 Fulfilled: taken captive to Babylon in 600 BC, returned to land in 538 BC
 Fulfilled: scattered in AD 70, returned to land in 20th century, nation reborn 1948.
3. Israel is a continuing witness to God's existence
 Isaiah 43:1–2, 10–12 700 BC
4. Though scattered throughout the world, Israel would be preserved.
 Jeremiah 30:10–11; 31:10 600 BC
 Fulfilled: The Jews have survived the Spanish inquisition, the Russian pogroms, the Nazi holocaust, and many other attempts to destroy them. Throughout their history, God has preserved a remnant of his people.
5. When Israel is reborn and Jerusalem recaptured, the kingdom of God will soon come.
 Luke 21:24–31 AD 30
 Fulfilled: nation reborn 1948, Jerusalem recaptured 1967, kingdom of God yet to begin.

History of Israel

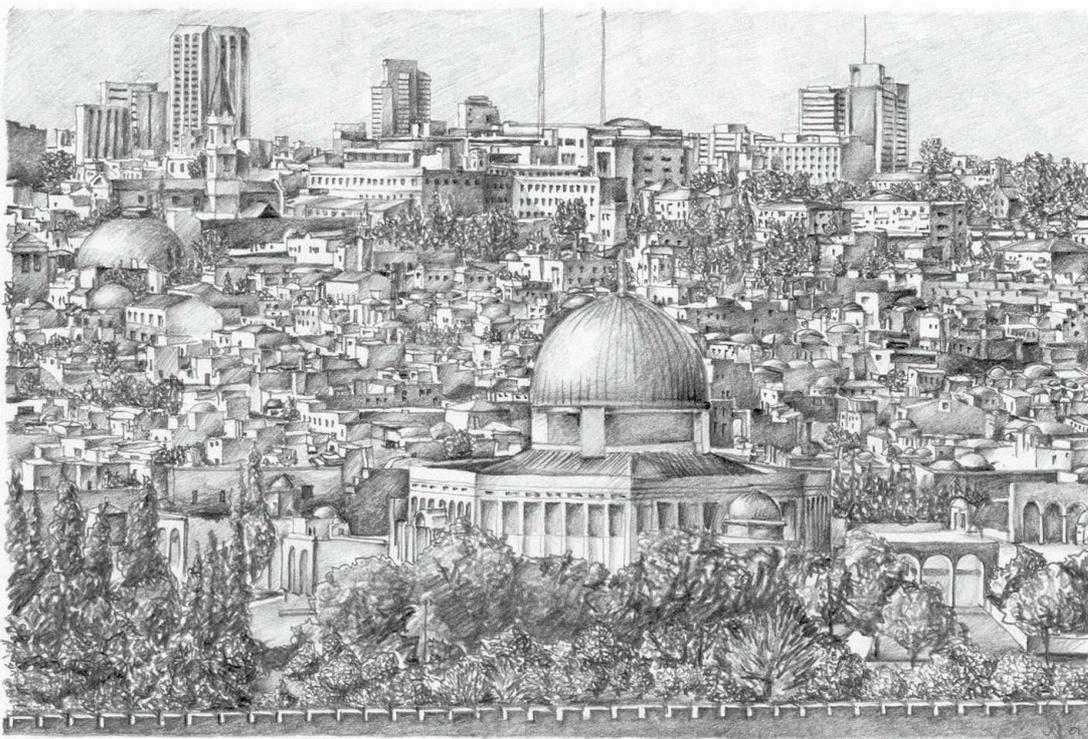
2000 BC	Abraham, the father of the Jews.
1400 BC	Israel invades and conquers Canaan and is established as a nation.
1000 BC	King David.
605 BC	Jews taken captive to Babylon.
538 BC	Jews return to Jerusalem and rebuild the city.
AD 70	Romans capture Jerusalem. Jews scattered throughout the world.
AD 1882	First wave of Jewish immigration as a result of Russian pogroms.
AD 1897	First Zionist congress in Basle, Switzerland.
AD 1900	A handful of Jews living in Palestine; Turks in charge.
AD 1904	Second wave of Jewish immigration.
AD 1917	British capture Palestine; increased Jewish migration.
AD 1945–1948	Many Jews who survived WW2 migrated to Palestine.
AD 1948	State of Israel proclaimed.
AD 1948–	Many wars with Arabs; Israel maintains independence; Jews migrate in large numbers.
AD 1993–	Limited Palestinian self-rule of the Gaza Strip and areas of the West Bank.
AD 1996–	Palestinian terrorist activity within Israel.

The nation has survived against incredible odds, with its hostile neighbours seeking to destroy it on numerous occasions. The most notable of these wars occurred in 1967 when an extraordinary event took place. The city of Jerusalem, divided since the partition of Palestine in 1948, and out of Jewish control for nearly 1900 years, was once again united and brought under Jewish control.

Why has Israel survived? Because God said it would. The prophets taught that, despite the wickedness of the people, God would ultimately remember the promises he had made to their faithful ancestors. Part of these promises involved bringing the Israelites into their own land again.

The attempts to bring lasting peace to the Middle East will certainly fail. One of the consistent stumbling blocks to peace in the region is the status of the city of Jerusalem. God, through the prophet Zechariah, says of Jerusalem:

I am going to make Jerusalem a cup that sends all the surrounding peoples reeling . . . I will make Jerusalem an immovable rock for all the nations. All who try to move it will injure themselves. (Zechariah 12:2-3)



Psalm 83

This psalm contains a prophecy about nations that want to destroy Israel. They are:

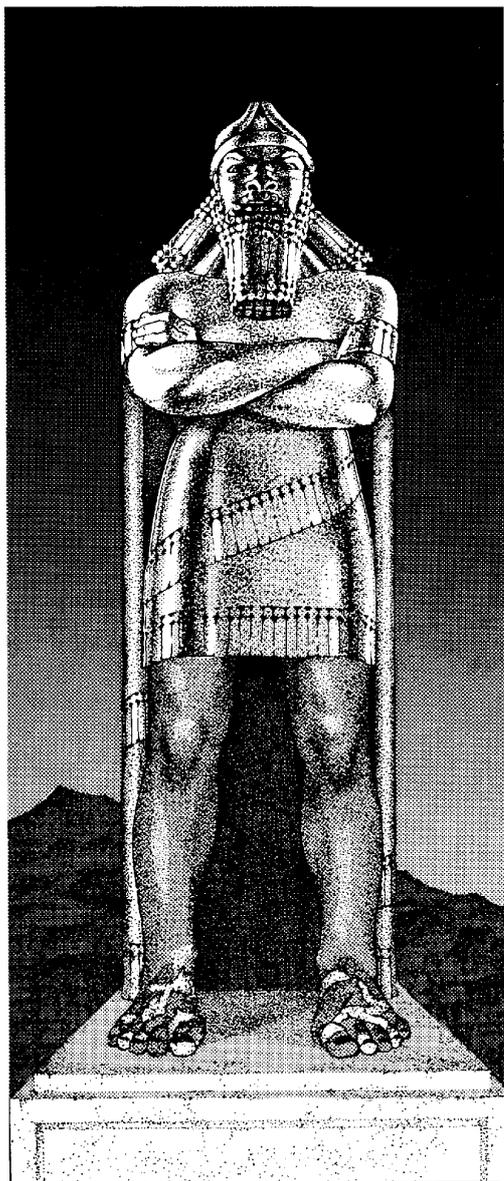
- Edom
- the Ishmaelites
- Moab
- the Hagrites
- Gebal
- Ammon
- Amalek
- Philistia
- Tyre
- Assyria
- the descendants of Lot

Use a map and Bible dictionary to find the modern day names for these places (where possible!). Mark them on the map in *The Bible Readers Handbook*. It is likely that these are the nations that will attack Jerusalem before Jesus returns.

Vision of world empires

One night in about 600 BC, Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon, had a dream. The dream seemed unusually vivid and it concerned him. He called for his advisers to explain it. One of his advisers was Daniel, a captive from Jerusalem. Daniel told the King what the dream was (see Daniel 2:31–35). Nebuchadnezzar had seen a large statue composed of different metals. As he watched, he saw a stone which had been cut (but not by human hands) strike the image on the feet and destroy it. The metals broke in pieces while the stone grew into a great mountain and filled the whole earth.

Then Daniel told him what it meant (see Daniel 2:36–45). The four metals of the image represented four empires that would arise. The statue's head of gold represented Nebuchadnezzar himself and his kingdom of Babylon. The other empires were Medo-Persia, Greece and Rome.



gold head
BABYLON

silver
breast & arms
**MEDO-
PERSIA**

bronze
belly & thighs
GREECE

iron legs
ROME

iron & clay feet
**DIVIDED
NATIONS**

Find these places on the maps in *The Bible Readers' Handbook*.

Nebuchadnezzar's image

Head of gold	Babylon	626–539 BC
Chest and arms of silver	Medo-Persia	539–330 BC
Belly and thighs of bronze	Greece	330–63 BC
Legs of iron	Rome	from 63 BC
Feet of iron and clay	Nations today	

A stone came and destroyed the image and grew into a great mountain. This is the kingdom of God which replaces the kingdoms of men.

The history of Israel has followed the pattern of this prophecy. From the time of Daniel, there were four empires which ruled Israel: Babylon, Medo-Persia, Greece and Rome. After the Roman empire, the Jews were scattered around the world. Now that Israel is back in their land, there is no dominant empire, but a mixture of strong and weak nations represented by the statue's feet of iron and clay.

The one phase of the prophecy yet to be fulfilled is the shattering of the statue by the rock cut out of a mountain without human hands and the mountain which fills the earth. Daniel says this represents the kingdom of God which replaces the kingdoms of men. Because the rest of the prophecy has been fulfilled, we can be confident that this last phase will be fulfilled too.

So the prophecy ends with a similar scene to Ezekiel's valley of dry bones: a time when God's kingdom will be in the earth. Putting the two prophecies together we can see that this will occur when Jesus returns to be king on David's throne in Jerusalem, ruling in righteousness and peace.

Further reading

- *Israel, Arabs, and Bible prophecy* by Harry Whittaker.
- *Thine is the Kingdom* by Peter Southgate.

Ask the presenter if you wish to borrow a copy of either of these books.

